Snow; fair; warmer.

John Jinks said his thermometer Read "seventeen below." "And mine says nineteen," up spoke Binks; "It telis the truth, I know." "In mine," remarked a man named Brown,

"The mercury has dropped
Down to the bulb, then went two feet
Below the case and stopped!"
Smith said: "Mine's seventy above." "How's that?" asked all the men.
"I put it in the ulster that My boy got at THE WHEN."

Boys' Ulsters

That keep in the warmth and keep out the cold. Chinchillas, Fur Beavers, Irish Friezes and Shetland Beavers. Big collars that TO RUN FOR THIRTY YEARS cover the ears. Long skirts that reach the heels.

Choice \$9.88,

Worth \$15, \$18 and \$20. And it is just a sample of how the great invoice sale has sent prices down at

The When

Our Traveling Salesmen will resume their usual routes January 6, with the largest and most complete lines of merchandise, for present and future shipment. to which we have ever asked attention of the trade.

Special Low Quotations

On leading Domestic Lines and some specialties for immediate sale. Stocks complete in every department. Lowest prices always a certainty.

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO

Importers, Jobbers Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc., Et c. Wholesale Exclusively.

Capital Stock \$300,000

S. E. COR. MONUMENT PLACE AND MARKET STREET.

Authorized by law to act as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Receiver, Assignee or Trustee for INDIVIDUALS AND INCORPORATIONS. A legal depository for Court and Trust Funds.

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For Drugs or anything in the drug

GRADE

P. L. CHAMBERS

56 West Washington St.

TIRED OF BEING DEAD.

Frederick Becker Asks a Jersey Court

to Declare Him Alive.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.-Although Frederick

Becker, of Jersey City, got up yesterday

morning feeling as lively as a cricket, he

has been dead, according to the New Jer-

law provides that when a person has been

missing for seven years he or she can be

declared dead by the court. Judge Hud-

speth, of the Hudson County (New Jersey)

Orphans' Court, acted according to law

when, on Dec. 6, he declared Becker dead.

The disappearance and resurrection of

Becker's father died about fifteen years

ago, leaving a valuable estate. His widow

was appointed executor. About a year after

her husband's death she remarried. The

marriage was not agreeable to her children

and considerable ill feeling resulted. Fred-

erick Becker, who has now suddenly reap-

peared after being declared dead, had only

been married a short time. About three

years after his father's death he suddenly

disappeared. His relatives scarched for him.

but without success, and finally they gave

him up as dead. The estate, however, could

not be settled until it had been legally de-

termined whether he was alive or dead.

So, after waiting twelve years for him to

reappear, application was made to Judge

Hudspeth, and under the seven-year law

his share of the estate-about \$3,000 in cash

and some real estate. The information that

he had been declared dead in some way

reached Becker, who, after wandering all

Francisco. He placed himself in communi-

cation with friends in Jersey City and they

notified Counselor M. J. Currie and Gen.

William C. Heppenheimer, who were attend-

Yesterday Frederick Becker, accompanied

by his counsel, presented himself before

Judge Hudspeth in the Orphans' Court.

They stated that Becker, being alive, ob-

possession of his portion of the estate left

by his father. He answered all questions

"What are we to do with this supposed

corpse?" asked General Heppenheimer after

"I guess we'll have to bring it back to

of his judicial countenance. Then he ex-

plained that the State law which had de-

clared Becker dead could with equal facil-

"That law should be repealed," remarked

General Heppenheimer, "as under it Judge Hudspeth committed what might be termed

put to him by Judge Hudspeth in a highly

ing to the family's legal business.

satisfactory manner.

ity declare him alive again.

some discussio

sey law, since Dec. 6 of last year. The

Entrance Into Bates House Lobby.

CIGARS

THE INDIANAPOLIS WAREHOUSE CO. BIG 4 ROUTE Warehousemen, Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

ceipts given.

HIGH-

to ponder over.

INDIANAPOLIS

- TO AND FROM -

Greensburg, North Vernon, Jeffersonville, Ind., __ AND __

LOUISVILLE, KY.

No Change of Cars.

33 Trains in Each Direction Run as Follows:

GOING SOUTH.

8.35 am Arrive North Vernon 6,15 am 9.25 am Arrive Jeffersonville. 7.30 am Arrive Louisville.... 7.45 am 10.40 am 10.55 am GOING NORTH.

Leave North Vernon. 9.35 am Leave Greensburg... 10:20 am Arrive Indianapolis., 11:30 am Trains of this line arrive at Louisville Union Depot. For tickets and full information call at Big Four Ticket Offices, Nos. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson Place and Union Stat! H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

C., H. & D. RY. SETTLERS' TICKETS

TO VARIOUS POINTS IN Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Florida,

Mississippi and Louisiana AT ABOUT

HALF : FARE

Tuesday, January 7.

Tickets and information at Union Station and 2 W. Washington St. GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

MONON ROUTE Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway,

SHORTEST LINE TO CHICAGO THE WEST NORTHWEST

Fullman Vestibule Train Service. Trains leave daily at 11,50 noon and 12.35 night. Arrive Chicago 5,30 p. m. and 7,40 a. m. Leave Chicago daily 12.05 noon and 8.30 p. m. Arrive Indianapolis 5.25 p. m. and 3.25 a. m. Monon Accommodation (except Sunday) leaves 4.00 P. 10.; arrives 11.20 a. m. hicago Sleeper at west end Union Station, ready at E.26 p. m. Detailed information at Union Station and 2 West Washington street. GEO, W. HAYLER, D. P. A. FRANK J. REED, G. P. A.

"Cheese Wafers"

If you have not tried this luncheon delicacy made by

Parrott & Taggart

Try it. Sold by grocers, in neat cartons.

The Sunday Journal, by Mail, \$2 a Year

BOND CIRCULAR ISSUED BY SECRE-TARY OF TREASURY CARLISLE.

The People Asked to Subscribe for \$100,000,000 Four-Per-Cent. Bonds and Pay for Them in Gold.

AND INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL TO BE PAYABLE IN "COIN."

Scaled Proposals Will Also Be Received for Such Issue of Bonds as Congress May Authorize.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 .- Speculation concerning the amount and character of the new bond issue was set at rest to-night when Secretary Carlisle made public a circular on the subject. The loan will be a "popular" one, and the circular, which is dated Jan. 6, gives notice that the government will sell \$100,000,000 thirty-year 4 per cent. coupon or registered bonds dated Feb. 1, 1895, for which purchasers will be required to pay in gold coin or gold certificates. This is the first issue by the present administration of such a large amount of bonds at one time, all the previous issues having been for \$50,000,000 each. The circular also contains bonds should the issue or sale of an additional or different form of bond for the maintenance of the gold reserve be authorized by law before Feb. 15. It was almost midnight when Secretary Carlisle's circular was made public, too late an hour to obtain the opinions of public men on the action of the government or the prospect of the absorption of the bonds by the people. The fact that the bonds will be issued in sums of \$50 and multiples thereof and be payable in installments is a feature which, it is believed, will make them be regarded with popular favor. The main reason for dating the bonds a year back is said to be in order to give the public a better opportunity to judge their market value by comparing them with the gold fours issued at that time, so that their bids can be made to conform with the market value of those bonds on the 1st of February. The circular is as fol-

"Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, at Washington, D. C., until 12 o'clock m. on Wednesday, the 5th day of February, 1896, for the purchase of one hundred million dollars of United States 4-per-cent, coupon or registered bonds, in denominations of \$50 and multiplies of that sum, as may be desired by bidders. The right to reject any and all bids will be reserved.

"The bonds will be dated on the first day of February, 1895, and be payable in coin thirty years after date, and will bear interest at 4 per centum per annum, payable quarterly, in coin, but all coupons maturing on or before the first day of February, 1896, will be detached, and purchasers will be required to pay in United States gold coin, or gold certificates, for the bonds awarded to them, and all interest accrued thereon after the first day of February, 1896, up to the time of applica-

tion for delivery. "Payments for the bonds must be made at the treasury of the United States at Washington, D. C., or at the United States subtreasuries at New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis or New Orleans, or they may e made at San Francisco, with exchange on New York, and all bids must state what denominations of bonds are desired, and whether coupon or registered, and at

what place they will be paid for. "Payments may be made by installments, as follows: Twenty per cent. on receipt of notice of acceptance of bids, and 20 per cent, at the end of each ten days thereafter; but all accepted bidders may pay installment, and those who have paid all installments previously maturing may pay the whole amount of their bids at any time, not later than the maturity of the last installment. The bonds will be ready for delivery on or before the fifteenth day

of February, 1896. "Notice is further hereby given that if the issue and sale of an additional or different form of bond for the maintenance of the gold reserve shall be authorized by law before the 5th day of February, 1896. sealed proposals for the purchase of such bonds will also be received at the same time and place, and up to the same date, and on the same terms and conditions here-Becker has now given the Judge something in set forth, and such bids will be considered as well as the bids for the 4-percent, bonds herein mentioned.

> "J. G. CARLISLE, "Secretary of the Treasury."

CONGRESS THIS WEEK.

Bond and Revenue Bills to Be Reported to the Senate. WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.-The Senate will not be in session on Monday, but it is ex-

pected to resume the work of the session a earnest on Tuesday. The finance committee has promised to report both the bond bill and the revenue tariff bill on that day, this promise is kept the debate during the remainder of the week and for some time afterwards will be based on these bills The bond bill probably will be the first of he was officially declared dead. His prethe two measures to receive attention, and sumed widow was appointed executor of it is considered probable that a fortnight may be devoted to its consideration. The Republicans also are hopeful of being able to dispose of the tariff bill in the same length of time. They have received assurover the country, had finally settled in San ances from individual Democratic leaders that they will not resort to dilatory tactics to prevent the early disposal of either of the bills. This does not mean, however, that they will not insist on a thorough debate upon them. Senator Elkins's bond resolution holds its place on the calendar as the unfinished business and is in position to furnish a basis of discussion until the inance committee bills shall be reported. jected to having been declared dead, and desired an order from the court to take If it should not be acted on before these reports are made, it is yet uncertain whether the resolution would be pressed, but the chances are that it would be The finance committee will meet again Monday afternoon, by which time, it is presumed, the silver majority of the committee will have proposed its substitute for the bond bill, which will provide for free coinage. The fate of the tariff bill is not so certain. On this bill the Republicans said the Judge, not relaxing a muscle consider themselves masters of the situation in committee, and they are in doubt wheth-

er to report it as it came from the House

or to amend it in accordance with the

wishes of individual Republican Senators.

There is a disposition on the part of some

of the members to increase the advance

Sagar, from 15 to 20 per cent., while others think the increase should only apply to agricultural products. In either event, it is probable that the sugar schedule will receive the same treatment as the other schedules, in obedience to the wishes of Senator Perkins, of California, and Senator Thurston, of Nebraska

Thurston, of Nebraska. The House this week will settle down to the routine work of the session. Until Wednesday, however, the work will not be well defined, as none of the committees has reported bills, and the first three days will therefore be devoted to unanimous consen legislation and such matters as may be brought before the House. On Wednesday, brought before the House. On Wednesday, or, at latest, on Thursday, the pension appropriation bill will be reported, and its consideration will be entered on. As a rule, the deficiency bill is the first appropriation bill considered, but the estimates for the deficiencies will not be submitted until next week, and, as the pension bill is ready, save for its formal approval by the full appropriation committee on Wednesday, it has been decided to dispose of it while work on the other regular appropriation bills is on the other regular appropriation bills is

Cushing Apologizes to McKee.

Special to the Indianapolts Journal. WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 .- Marshall Cushing, whom Captain McKee has sued because of a-very cruel article published by him in his paper, the Capital, makes full and complete retraction in this week's issue. He states that he was misinformed, and intimates that the original article was written be-cause of some unkind statements which he was told Captain McKee had circulated regarding him. He has since learned that Captain McKee did not circulate any stories, and hence he deeply regrets his own publications. It is understood that the criminal prosecution for libel will now be

Return of Congressmen. special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.-Representative Henry has returned to Washington. Mr. Tracewell is also back at the capital.

CONDUCTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR SERIOUS RAILWAY COLLISION.

Five Men Killed and Two Postal Clerks Seriously Hurt, One of Whom Died Later of His Injuries.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Jan. 5 .- At 11 o'clock last night two freight trains stood on switch at Schooley's station, seven miles east of here. The first train pulled out and, the conductor, thinking that the second one would follow, left the switch open. Fifteen minutes later the eastbound express came along at forty miles an hour, and, running standing there. Both trains were badly and died this morning at his home in this city. His fireman, Leon Mathers, was instantly killed. Engineer Fitzsimmons, of the freight, escaped without serious injury, fireman, J. H. Cox, were killed. Jesse King, the front-end brakeman, was also killed and postal clerks, J. E. Eddington and Murphy, of Greenfield, were badly injured. Conductor Thomas Brown, of the express, had to walk two miles to telephone the news to this city. Conductor Hendershot, of the freight, is responsible for the wreck, as he left the switch open. The passengers ou the express were badly shaken up, but

none seriously injured. Later-J. Edgarton, the postal clerk, living at Loveland, O., died of his injuries at 11 o'clock to-night. This makes six killed. The injured are being cared for at Chilli-

Another Fatal Collision. GREENFIELLY O. Jan 5 .- The west bound passenger accommodation train, No. 13, on the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railway collided at Roxabell with a freight train going east at forty miles an hour and made a complete wreck of both engines. One man was killed and seven injured. The casualties are: Baggagemaster William Purdew, dead and buried in the debris; engineer Dora Scott, three ribs broken, one driven into his lungs, will die; fireman James Egan, left leg broken, cut

about the head; passenger brakeman John Erwin, left clavicle fractured, badly bruised; fireman Charles McCord, of the freight engineer Matt Ryan and brakeman Danie Clifton were painfully bruised and cut. The freight crew had orders to take siding at Roxabell to let the Royal Blue flyer, west-bound, go by and forgot about No. 13. The Royal flyer was the one in the wreck at Schooley's last night and was running as a special. On it were President Bacon, Superintendent Rawn and other of-They soon came upon the scene the wreck. Joe Cook was the conductor of

the freight. The scene of the wreck is on the highest grade of the road, and which is approached both ways by sharp curves.

Aged Couple Asphyxiated. ST. PAUL, Jan. 5 .- James Newman and were found this afternoon in their home near this city, in Mendota township, Dakota any single pitched battle. Yet the situation later can affect this. If England made any asphyxiated from coal gas. were dead when found. They had no children, but a wealthy brother of Mr. Newman is said to live in New York city.

Ran Into a Funeral Procession. CHICAGO, Jan. 5 .- A Chicago, Milwauke & St. Paul passenger train crashed into funeral procession at Paulina street today, badly injuring five persons. One of the carriage drivers was thrown ilfty feet, but

ATTORNEY SENT TO JAIL.

Active in Closing "Blind Pigs" and Was Charged with Contempt.

VALLEY CITY, N. D., Jan. 5 .- In the contempt case against Herbert Root, attorney for the State Enforcement League, Judge Rose has sentenced the defendant to thirty days in jail and fined him \$200. He was also disbarred from practicing in his and Root was placed in jail. The new codes allow appeals in contempt proceedings, and the case will be carried to the Supreme Court. Root disobeyed no order of the court and committed no act of contempt in its presence, the charges being that used language derogatory to Judge Rose criticism of certain actions. Root got himself disliked because of the zeal he displayed in his efforts to close up the "blind pigs." It is said the prohibition element wil attempt to vindicate Root by electing him and it may be reasonably expected that if to the Legislature and defeat Rose in his candidacy for re-election to the judgeship.

OBITUARY.

Bishop Reinkens, a Leader of the "Old Catholic" Movement in Germany.

BONN, Jan. 5.-Bishop Reinkens died here on Saturday. Joseph Hubert Reinkens, one of the leaders of the "old Catholic" movement in Ger-He was born in 1821, studied theology in the University of Bonn, entered the seminary at Cologne in 1847 and was ordained a priest in the following year. He afterwards returned to Bonn to continue his Friday night. These places are twenty studies. In 1849 he graduated as B. D. at miles from Havana. Munich. He was one of the fourteen proessors who protested against the Vatican decrees in Nuremberg in 1870. For this he and in 1872 he was ex-communicated by Bishop Foerster at Breslau. Dr. Reinkens became a prominent leader of the so-called 'old Catholics," and was elected bishop o the "old Catholics (the new sect is the Vatican Church) June 4, 1873, at Cologne in an assembly consisting of twenty-one priests and fifty-six laymen. Dr. Reinkens on the theological controversies of the day, advocating "unity, not uniformity," in the rather than religious ceremony.

Mrs. Emeline C. Thomas.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.-Mrs. Emeline C. Thomas, the wife of Rev. H. W. Thomas, the eminent divine, died at her home in this city at 2 o'clock this afternoon of gasmade on all schedules except that covering I tritis

INSURGENTS DESOLATING WESTERN PORTION OF CUBA.

Having Laid Waste the Rich Province of Havana, They Are Now Devastating Pinar Del Rio.

CAMPOS IN CLOSE QUARTERS

WHOLE ISLAND, EXCEPT THE CAP-ITAL, IN POSSESSION OF PATRIOTS.

Gomez's Army Gathering Strength a It Progresses, and Possibly Preparing for an Attack on the City.

HAVANA, Jan. 5 .- Havana has spent a

day of nervousness and anxiety and has been in hourly apprehension of an attack by the insurgent army or a part of it. Yesterday the bands commanded by Nunez and Bermudez were seen at Managua, a village not more than twelve miles from Havana. It must not be supposed that the city is open to the advance of the insurgents or that there are none within its borders to offer resistance. There has been no overt act of defiance of the authorities within the city and there have been numerous voluntary offers to bear arms in defense of the city—thousands of them, the authorities MORE say. But there has been a comfortable conviction in the minds of the residents of Havana from the beginning of the insurrection that they were in no real danger of molestation from the insurgents. Many hundreds of non-combatant inhabitants of the island have come to Havana to await the passing of the storm. Still more have sent their families here as a safe refuge. This class of population is in a state of utter consternation and dismay, and spreads an infectious spirit of panic through all other circles.

The authorities no longer make the slightest concealment of the serious view they take of the situation, and there are some who do not hesitate to rail at the Spanish generals and the troops and make bitter on to the switch, collided with the train criticism of them. There has been great fear that the light and water supply of wrecked. Engineer Tom Michaels, of the the city would be cut off by a sudden raid express, had both arms and legs cut off of the insurgent forces. The idea of the city being left in total darkness for the unseen working of plots and seditions is itself tried to explain. Americans believe that enough to work a panic in the nervous condition of the public mind. Special preparabut his fireman, George Addis, and another tions for the defense of the works that supply these have been made and artillery has been placed to command them against all probable sources of attack. All possible recruits have been enlisted for the defense of the city and the available ground about the city has been filled with batteries of artillery, which are manned night and day. CAMPOS'S CORDON BROKEN.

The Spanish authorities have maintained cordon of military forces running from Havana to the town of Batabano, on the south coast, since the invasion of Matanzas province by the insurgents, beyond which they hoped to prevent the advance of the destroying columns of their enemies. This cordon has proved no more effective than did the line of La Trocha, which was laid to keep the insurgents out of Santa Clara province. This line was broken yesterday by the forces under Gomez and the main body of the insurgents to-day passed into the province of Pinar del Rio, and are now overrunning that province with fire and the adherence to the letter of diplomacy is sword. The passage was effected near Batabano, at Poso Rendo, and Gomez burned the village of Gabriel on the way and partially destroyed the town of Guirda de Melena and of Alquizar. The work of destruction in Havana province has been as complete as was that in Matanzas, and the sugar lands of Pinar del Rio are fast being put into the same desolate condition.

The proclamation of Gen. Campos to the effect that all horses in the island are to be held subject to requisition by the Spanish authorities has little effect beyond its force as a confession that the Spanish forces are badly handicapped by the lack boundary posts, did not cede any rights of mounted troops, and are practically helpless against the cavalry forces of the in- to claim in the future. Unless a better resurgents. In effect, the whole island of | tort is possible, my position is indeed un-Cuba, outside of the city of Havana, is assailable. I base my contention on the now in the hands of the insurgents. They British official statements at the actual nor have they routed the whole army in No ex-post facto explanations three years is completely in their hands, and so completely have they outgeneraled the Spanlards that, to all appearances, Martinez Campos's army might as well be in Spain for any check it puts on the movements to and fro of Maximo Gomez's army. The latter's progress has been accompanied with continued accessions to his forces by volunteers, and he has captured enough horses, rifles and artillery to add immensely to the effective strength of his men. He has practically carried his base of operations with him, and has usually countermarched over a wholly different route from that of his advance, apparently countcountry as he went.

ing with confidence on living upon the There is little doubt really felt here that he will get as much or more sympathy in Pinar de Rio than he did in Santa Clara and Matanzas, and the general fear here is now that, after sweeping over Pinar del district. No time was allowed for appeal | Rio, he will come upon Havana from the west, co-operating in an attack with the forces of the insurgents which have been east of Havana for several days past. The advance of Gomez beyond Batanabo has cut the line of telegraph and cable communication with the eastern part of the island, upon which Campos principally relied for directing his forces in Santiago de Cuba, Puerto Principe and Santa Clara. Details are meager of the movements of Gomez in Pinar del Rio to-day, and it is not known whether he is proceeding to the westward portion of the province or has turned northward toward Havana.

Gomez Has 22,000 Men. TAMPA. Fla., Jan. 5 .- An American passenger arriving from Cuba to-night reports that the Cubans are within seventeen miles of Havana. According to his statement Gomez has twenty-two thousand men. The insurgents burned Quivican, San Felipi, Duran, Meleno del Sur and Guara

General Campos has issued a manifesto to his officers urging a strict obedience to was suspended from his clerical functions, his orders, and threatening those disobedient to dishonorable return to Spain in forty-eight hours.

1,000 Chests of Ten Damaged.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 5 .- Nearly 1,000 chests of tea of the cargo of the big freight steamer Afridi were damaged on the voyage Yokohama. She has on board over 16,000 chests of tea, most of which is consigned to Eastern houses. During the voyage the packages had broken from their leashings, and the stevedores to-day worked knee deep in loose tea. The damage has not yet been accurately estimated, but it will amount to several thousands of dollars.

Still After Burke's Millions. CLEVELAND, Jan. 5 .- A special from Columbus says that the attorneys of the

Central Trust Company, of New York, in that city, will ask for another trial of the eight-million-dollar Hocking Valley suit against Judge Stevenson Burke and others at the term of the Common Pleas Court, which begins this week. Judge Burke, when seen in reference to the case, at his home in this city, said the suit had been settled by the recent decision in New York State and that he and his codefendants had the plaintiffs beaten. He said he did not

DIVORCE DECREE AFFIRMED.

Case of Edward Pollock, Who Married One of His Mother's Servants.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Jan. 5 .- The Su-

preme Court has affirmed the decree of divorce granted three years ago to Edward

E. Pollock, son of a wealthy New York

merchant. This was one of the most cele-

brated cases ever heard here and attracted

attention throughout the country. Pollock

married one of his mother's servants and

was turned out of the house. During two

years of married life two children were

born. Then the elder Pollock persuaded his

son to come to Sloux Falls and apply for

divorce. Just before the trial the wife, who had been ignorant of his whereabouts, suc-

ceeded in reaching this city with her chil-

dren. It was in the dead of winter and

PATH FOR SALISBURY.

Unanimous in Demand for Arbitra-

tion of the Venezuelan Dispute.

their attitude of demanding arbitration is

one with which civilized men must sym-

pathize. In support of this the whole

had lost ten cents in his house.

appalling to contemplate.

ments and my contentions hold the field.

emply invite him to forget the past and

If he will, the voice of every reasonable man on this continent will be raised to

praise him. To my absolute knowledge,

the American government."

am expressing the heartfelt sentiments of

CANADIAN CABINET CRISIS.

Premier Bowell Has Not Yet Shown

His Hand-Caucus of Conservatives.

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 5.-Excitement at

the capital and throughout the Dominion

over the political situation is still unabated.

The continuation of the present Cabinet is

not possible, but what will be the nature

of its successor cannot be surmised before

Premier Bowell shall have given some hint

as to his course of action. Two contradic-

tion. It is asserted that Premier Bowell,

in view of the resignation, as announced

last night, of seven members of his Cabi-

net, will himself resign the premiership

and make way for Sir Charles Tupper,

who is the only one spoken of as his suc-

cessor. It is also asserted, on the other hand, that the Premier has decided to ac-

cept the resignation of the seven Cabinet

A telegraphic call was issued to-day to

them to a caucus of the party to be held

before the opening of the House on Tues-day afternoon. If no satisfactory conclu-sion be then arrived at it is probable the

House will adjourn from day to day. To-day was a busy day with the Ministers, and many private conferences were held at

several of the Ministers' residences. Even Lord Aberdeen was consulted, but no ar-

rangement, it is understood, to patch up the difficulties in the Cabinet could be ar-

to succeed them at once.

inisters and will appoint another seven

tory statements are made in this connec-

their national convictions half way.

paper as follows:

SECOND STEP IN THE RAISING OF SATOLLI TO THE CARDINALATE.

the plaintiffs beaten. He said he did not care to discuss what the attorneys of the Central Trust Company proposed doing. The Berretta Presented to the Pope's Delegate by Cardinal Gibbons with Great Impressiveness.

ELABORATE CEREMONY

WITNESSED BY MANY DIGNITARIES OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Addresses by Cardinals Gibbons and Satolli and Other Prelates-Two

Papal Briefs Read.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 5 .- The second step in they were destitute, and kind-hearted people the elaborate ceremony of elevating Francis provided for them comfortably, while law-Satolli, Archbishop of Lepanto, apostolic yers volunteered to conduct the case. The judge granted the decree, though he awarddelegate to the United States, to the rank of cardinal prince of the church took place ed the wife \$50 a month pereptual alimony. Pollock at once married again and the wife obtained, in New York, a judgment for \$39,000 from the elder Pollock for alienating in the venerable cathedral here to-day. The ceremony consisted of conferring the berretta, which is the cap worn by priests her husband's affections, this being afterward upset. The Supreme Court now decides on ordinary occasions and differing only in that the divorce is valid and decrees that the alimony shall be paid until the elder the case of cardinals in that it is red. The child becomes of age, when it shall be re-duced one-half, and shall end when the second child reaches twenty-one. preceding steps have been the conferring of the zuchetto, or red skull cap, and the administering of the oath. The remaining step is the conferring of the red hat, which must be done in Rome by the Pope himself. within six months from Nov. 30, the day on which Satolli's appointment was made. The old edifice in which the ceremony took MR. NORMAN AGAIN POINTS OUT A place and in which the first American bishop was ordained and the first American priest ordained, and which is presided over by the only American-born member He Says Americans Are Practically of the College of Cardinals, was packed to the doors with an audience which numbered among its members many of the most prominent ecclesiastics, diplomates, legislaters, educators and journalists in America. Archbishops, bishops and eminent pro-LONDON, Jan. 5 .- Mr. Henry Norman, fessors represented the Catholic Church in the special commissioner of the London the congregation. The Vice President of Daily Chronicle in Washington, cables his the United States and numerous Congressmen, Senators, judges and minor officials "The London correspondents of the Amerwere present. Eminent Catholics outside ican papers having revealed my identity the priesthood came many miles to see the here, I have been overwhelmed with exceremony and to lend impressiveness and pressions of sympathy, and thanks to the importance to the occasion by their prese-Chronicle for putting the American case and ence. Diplomates of high degree came to opinion before the British public. All the represent foreign governments and show papers comment most kindly. As I have the respect in which they hold the church

which does henor to Satolli. PRELIMINARY EXERCISES.

Sharretti Presents His Credentials-

Union, if needful, will speak with absolutely The Procession to the Church. one voice. But at the same time there is The initial step in the ceremonies of the here an infinite desire to see an immediate amicable settlement. I have to-day talked day took place in the palace of the cardinal shortly after 9 o'clock in the morning, when with several men who are being denounced Monsignor Sbarretti presented his credenin New York as jingoes and the above are tials to Cardinal Gibbons. These credentheir earnest sentiments. The people simply cannot understand Lord Salisbury's attials, which came from the Holy See, autitude. A Senator said to me to-day he thorized Monsignor Sparretti to act as the ablegate of the Pope, deputized Cardinal thinks it the same as if a millionaire quar-Gibbons to confer the berretta and anreled with his intimate friend because he nounced to Mgr. Satolli his elevation to the cardinalate. They were also accompanied "I repeat, with every ounce of influence by the biretta, which from that moment I possess, that everybody here worth considering desires peace. If Lord Salisbury were in the custody of Cardinal Gibbons, Cardinal Gibbons, in receiving the docucan find a way to make the slightest adments and the berretta, responded briefly, vance towards recognition of the American expressing his high appreciation of the attitude he will be received with wide open arms. The responsibility of any man or honor conferred upon him and congratulatministry holding back at such a moment, ing Mgr. Sharretti on the manner in which

when England needs every friend she has, he had performed his duties in this country. for the sake of mere dignity or obstinate While this scene was in progress within the palace the procession was forming in front of Calvert Hall, a block away. At "Regarding the Aberdeen dispatches and 10 o'clock it was ready to start, and, when the Schomburg line, I must explain my atformed, the participants were arranged as titude. I assert nothing, my means of infollows: First came the processional crossformation being obviously limited. I simply bearer, with the crucifix raised high in the invite refutation of the statement that the air, and flanked on either side by a boy in correspondence I cabled proves that Engcassock and surplice. Following him was a land, in 1841, freely admitted the Schomburg | long line of students from the various Cathline to be destitute of any authority or olic colleges, after which came seminarians validity as the basis of a territorial claim. from St. Mary's, then priests, then Francis-The New York Evening Post, indulging in can monks in their garb of brown. some clever writing at my expense, quotes ing these came the members of the faculty Lord Aberdeen's letter of March 30, 1844, of the Catholic University in Washington, which states that England, by removing the in long robes of black, lined with manycolored silks, their heads adorned with the which she might consider herself authorized shovel-board hat of the scholar, After these came half a hundred bishops and a score or more of archbishops, the purple and gold of their rich vestments glistening in the cold, clear air, their immense trains held wife, aged between sixty and seventy years, have not annihilated the Spanish forces, time the boundary posts were removed. up by little boys, in brilliant vestments, too. In this formation they marched through the cathedral to Charles street and paszed condition when she ordered the practical dethe palace of the cardinal, where they were struction of the Schomburg line in 1841 in joined by His Eminence, who took his place last in the line. Upon his head he wore the response to the repeated arguments, dered berretta, an exact duplicate of the one mands and insistence of the Venezuelan he was about to confer on the man who government then let us have the official corwill, for some time, at least, share his hon-ors in this country. Upon his -houlders respondence containing those contentions. hung the beautiful cloak of cardinal silk If these cannot be produced, then my docu and ermine, with half a dozen train-bearers. clad in cardinal velvet and gilt braid, fol-"But the question at stake is infinitely lowing in his wake. In this order they swept along up Mulberry street to the bigger than such arguments or any promiscuous discussion of the Monroe doctrine. cathedral again, where they filed into the American government and people venerable old pile through the main enwould be perfectly willing, and, indeed, glad trance way. Satolli was not in the procesto see England secure any amount of Vension, but as the head of it reached the altar ezuelan territory if her claim is capable of he, accompanied by Mgr. Sharretti, Marhistorical and diplomatic proof. They are quis Sacripanti, the member of the Nobie willing to meet England in any direction Guard who brought the cardinalate inand to any extent in finding a competent signia here, and the priests who had been tribunal to determine this. They ask only deputized to assist him in the coming cerethat Lord Sallsbury's blunt refusal and mony, entered the cathedral from a rear President Cleveland's menaces alike be set door leading from the palace and advanced aside and forgotten. They regard the deto the front of the altar. The students mand for arbitration as the sacred right and seminarians followed to the right and of a great and powerful nation-standing on to the left as they passed the front of the what it believes to be a matter of prinhigh altar, finding seats on either side. The Now, Lord Salisbury is a great man. others in the procession advanced within the sanctuary and took the places reserved for foreign statesmanship. Whatever he may do his patriotism and dignity are beyond

CHURCH DECORATIONS. The decorations within the church were

of a simple character, save at the altar, the beauty of the paintings which the walls are adorned with rendering other embellishment unnnecessary. Upon the altar, however, the ladies of the congregation had spent their best efforts, and the result was a floral effect beautiful beyond compare. Great festoons of evergreen dropped gracefully from the caps of the immense columns at the rear of the altar and twined around these columns to the floor. Equally graceful loops of crowfoot and laurel swung from the arches over each of the smaller altars at the sides. The tabernacle was fairly hidden beneath a bower of cardinal roses, symbolic not only of the robes of the cele brant but also of the joy of the occasion Grouped everywhere about the altar were ferns and scarlet geraniums, palms and pink hydrangeas, smilax and verbenas, rubber plants and azaleas, and such a wealth of other beautiful blooms and blossoms as must have exhausted all the capacious hothouses for miles around. The altar itself was literally overrun with strands of smi-lax, and from a hundred interstices among the green, scarlet, pink and cardinal bower gleamed scores of waxen tapers, twinkling like stars in the firmament and producing as effect both beautiful and impressive. On either side of the great auditorium two thrones had been erected, one for the old, the other for the new cardinal. Both were hung with the rich colors of the princes of the church, and both were profusely adorned with smilax, laurel and evergre draped around the sides and looped bac

As the procession wended its way down the center aisle, the organ, a full orchestra and a chorus of fifty voices rendered a triumphal march. When Cardinal Gibbons reached the altar, he bowed low to Satolli, who returned the salutation and each, accompanied by his assistant priest and deacons of honor, sought the throne on which he was to rest during the greater part of the ceremony. That of Cardinal Gibbons was on the gospel or left side of the altar, that of Satelli upon the epistic or right